- (b) To obtain a deferment of the service obligation, the recipient must provide the Secretary satisfactory information of one or more of the following circumstances:
- (1) Serious physical or mental disability that prevents or substantially impairs the scholarship recipient's employability as a teacher.
- (2) The scholarship recipient's inability, despite due diligence (for reasons that may include the failure to pass a required teacher certification or licensure examination), to secure employment as a teacher in a high-need school of a high-need school LEA.
- (3) Membership in the armed forces of the United States on active duty for a period not to exceed three years.
- (4) Other extraordinary circumstances that the Secretary accepts.
- (c) Unless the Secretary determines otherwise—
- (1) A scholarship recipient must apply to renew a deferment of the service obligation on a yearly basis; and
- (2) The recipient has 60 days from the end of the deferment period to begin teaching in a high-need school of a high-need LEA or become liable for repayment of the scholarship, any accrued interest, and any costs of collection.
- (d)(1) As provided in §611.43(a)(2), during periods for which the Secretary defers a scholarship recipient's service obligation, the scholarship recipient does not have an obligation to repay the scholarship. However, interest continues to accrue on the amount of the scholarship.
- (2) If the scholarship recipient fulfills his or her service obligation after the end of the deferment, the Secretary waives the obligation to repay accrued interest.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0753)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1024(e))

§ 611.45 Under what circumstances does the Secretary discharge a scholarship recipient's obligation to repay for failure to meet the service obligation?

(a) The Secretary discharges the obligation of a scholarship recipient to repay the scholarship, interest, and any costs for failure to meet the serv-

ice obligation based on information acceptable to the Secretary of—

(1) The recipient's death; or

- (2) The total and permanent physical or mental disability of the recipient that prevents the individual from being employable as a classroom teacher.
- (b) Upon receipt of acceptable documentation and approval of the discharge request, the Secretary returns to the scholarship recipient, or for a discharge based on death to the recipient's estate, those payments received after the date the eligibility requirements for discharge were met. The Secretary returns these payments whether they are received before or after the date the discharge was approved.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0753)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1024(e))

§611.46 What are a scholarship recipient's reporting responsibilities upon graduation from the teacher preparation program?

- (a) Within six months of graduating from a teacher preparation program, a scholarship recipient must either—
- (1) Have the LEA in which the recipient is employed as a teacher provide the Department information, which the Secretary may require, to confirm—
- (i) The home address, phone number, social security number, and other identifying information about the recipient;
- (ii) That he or she is teaching in a high-need school of a high-need LEA; and
- (iii) Whether the individual is teaching full- or part-time and, if part-time, the full-time equivalency of this teaching compared to the LEA's full-time teachers;
 - (2) Provide the Department—
- (i) A notarized statement that the scholarship recipient has asked the LEA to provide the Department the information identified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, including the name and telephone number of the LEA official to whom the request was made; and
- (ii) A copy of the information identified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section that the recipient has asked the LEA to provide to the Department; or
- (3) Provide the Department a current home address and telephone number, a